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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/616,525	07/10/2003	Mark Robert Funk	ROC920020205US1	1216
Grant A. John	7590 03/26/200 Son	EXAM	EXAMINER	
IBM Corporat	ion - Dept. 917	RUTTEN, JAMES D		
3605 Highway Rochester, MN		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,		2192		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/26/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)				
10/616,525	FUNK ET AL.				
Examiner	Art Unit				
JAMES RUTTEN	2192				

	JAMES RUTTEN	2192						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address								
THE REPLY FILED 05 March 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.						
application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Application (2) a Notice of Application (3) and (3) are supplied to the following application (3) application (4) and (4) are supplied to the following application (4) are supplied to the following applied to the f	reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this ication, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the lication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time ods:							
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.							
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Is Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the filant rejection, whichever is later. Ir no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TW MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).							
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1,136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1,136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee hourser 37 CFR 1,17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) a set for thin (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filled may reduce any semed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1,704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL								
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(b)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(b).								
AMENDMENTS								
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); 								
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or			ne issues for					
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).					
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all 								
non-allowable claim(s).	lowable ii submilited iii a separate, t	imely liled amendmen	it canceling the					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		be entered and an e	xplanation of					
Claim(s) allowed:								
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1.2.4-11.13 and 14</u> .								
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:								
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE								
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 								
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear and was not earlier presented. Se	and/or appellant fail e 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	s to provide a).					
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.					
The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:					
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). 13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).							
/Tuan Q. Dam/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2192								

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

On pages 8-11 of the reply filed 3/5/08, Applicants provide a description of the prior art of record. On pages 11-15, Applicants provide a summary of the claimed subject matter.

At the top of page 16, Applicants argue that the Rosenberg and Dreyer references fall to suggest executions pardware instructions and suspending processing of said hardware instructions reprosessor to execution support to the processor and the processor of the processor events, but was not relied upon to teach execution to expension of hardware instructions (see page 3 to the 12/28/07 Final Office action). However, Rosenberg teaches that breakpoints are implemented as special hardware instructions which, when encountered during execution, suspends execution (see Rosenberg, bottom of page 40, also page 4 of the Final action). Applicants admit that Rosenberg teaches suspension of execution using breakpoints (see bottom of page 15 of the response). Applicants admit that Rosenberg teaches suspension of execution using breakpoints (see bottom of page 15 of the response). Applicants have not clearly explained why Rosenberg's special hardware instruction should not read on the claims. Therefore, the

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant felials (i.e., hardware instructions as described in the specification - see middle of page of the response) are not recited in the rejected claims. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1191, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). It is noted that Applicants' have not pointed out any portion of the specification which provides a proper definition of the term "hardware instructions." The term papears at least on page 2, lines 18-25, page 7, line 21, and page 8, line 18. None of these instances provide any special meaning to the term. Therefore, a reasonable broad interpretation or the limitation permits Carter's hook functions to read on the claim.

Applicants' further arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.